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BB/GG/RD L 14275-66 EWT(d)/EEC(k)-2/EWP(1 ACC NR: AT6003899 SOURCE CODE: UR/2865/65/004/000/0614/0618

AUTHOR: Shuplyakov, V. S.

ORG: none

TITLE: Some methods for recording and processing information in investigating the articulatory indices of speech

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye biologicheskikh nauk. Problemy kosmicheskoy biologii, v. 4, 1965, 614-618

TOPIC TAGS: data processing system, acoustic signal, acoustic theory, computer circuit, logic circuit

ABSTRACT: Speech dynamics were studied by electrically recording a number of indices of speech organ activity with a 16-channel pen-writing recorder and comparing the complex of articulatory parameters thus obtained with records of the speech itself, with the object of clarifying the amplitude-time relation between signals and obtaining various statistical data. This sort of analysis suffers from a number of serious defects: it is not only finicky and not very accurate, but in some cases is not even applicable. A system was therefore devised for automatically performing various time measurements and data processing to obtain a complex of signals reflecting all the phonetically important features of speech. All indices from various sensors were reduced to a single form, without loss of essential information. This was done by

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transforming the signals into square pulses with an amplitude selector and shaping circuit. Figs. 1 and 2 diagram the circuits used for processing articulatory parameter signals and controlling selection of input level to the logic circuit. All measured parameters treated in this way were obtained in binary form, processable by binary logic to yield arrays or rules of occurrence for the articulatory phenomena studied.

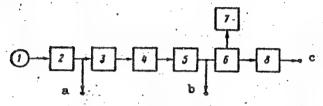
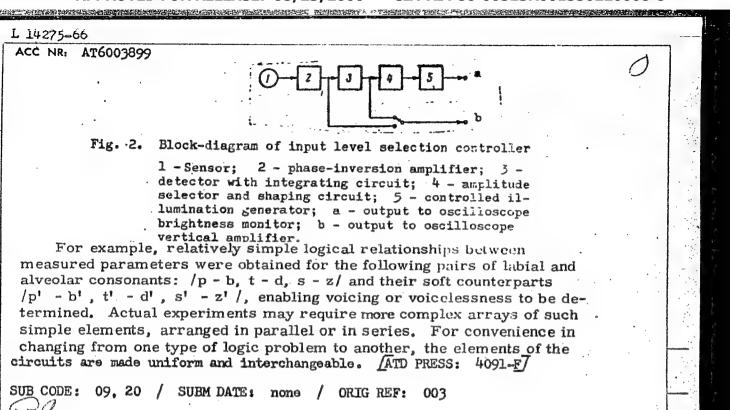


Fig. 1. Block-diagram of circuit for processing articulatory parameter signals

1 - Sensot; 2 - amplifier; 3 - phase inverter; 4 - detector; 5 - integrating circuit; 6 - amplitude selector; 7 - controlled current source; 8 - snaping circuit; a - output to level selector; b - output of pulse envelope to pen-writing recorder and level selector; c - output of shaped signal to logic processing circuit

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no.10:65-68 0 158.

1. Mekhanobrchermet. (Machines)) (Ore dressing)

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Using the theory of probabilities and electronic digital computers in mineral dressing. Gor. zhur. no.1:62-64 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Mekhanobrchermet, Krivoy Rog.
(Ore dressing—Electronic equipment)
(Electronic calculating machines)
(Probabilities)

SHUPOV, L.P.

Ways of improving the filtration of finely ground iron ore concentrates in ore dressing combines. Met. i gornorud. prom. (MIRA 15:11) no.2.5;-58 Mr-Ap '62.

 Institut "Mekhanobrchermet", g. Krivoy Rog. (Ore dressing) (Filters and filtration)

SHUPOV, L.P., gornyy inzhener

Theory and practice are inseparable. Gor. zhur. no.3:54-56 Mr (MIRA 16:4)

1. Mekhanobrohermet, Krlvoy Rog.

KARMAZIN, V.I., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; SHUPOV, L.P.

Some problems in dewatering fine iron concentrates. Gor. zhur. no.9:56-59 S '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gornyy institut (for Karmazin).

2. Mekhanobrchermet, Krivoy Rog (for Shupov).

SHUPOV, L.P.; BELONOZHKO, I.F.; GISHCHUK, B.V.; KONONOVA, A.P.; MASLENNIKOVA, K.P.; SVERDEL', E.I.; ARTEMOVA, A.A.

Selection of a synthetic fiber filter cloth for thin iron ore concentrators. Gor.zhur. no.10:60-62 0 64. (MIRA 18:1)

l. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyv institut po obogashcheniyu i aglomeratsii rud chernykh metallov, Krivoy Rog (for
Shupov, Belonozhko, Gishchuk). 2. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po pererabotke iskusstvennogo i sinteticheskogo
volokna (for Kononova, Maslennikova). 3. Yuzhnyy gorno-obogatitel'nyy kombinat, Krivoy Rog (for Sverdel', Artemova).

BELONOZHKO Ivan Fedorovich; SHUPOV, Leonid Petrovich; MAKRUSHINA, Ye.A., ved-red-

[Filtration equipment operator] Fil'troval'shchik. Mo-skva, Nedra, 1965. 75 p. (MIRA 18:8)

SHUPOV, L.P.; BELONOZHKO, I.F.

Results of testing a drum vacuum-filter with a removable belt. Met. i gornorud. prom. no.3:67-69 My-Je '65.

(MIRA 18:11)

MARGULIS, V.S.; SHUPOV, L.P.; OSTAPENKO, P.Ye.

Outlook for using counterflow jet-type mills in the mining industry. Gor. zhur. no.9:66-68 S '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Institut Mekhanobrchermet, Krivoy Rog.
(Milling machinery)

YANICHEK, G. [Janicek, G.]; POKORNY, Ya.; SHUPOVA, Y. [Supova, I.]

Influence of food products fried in fat on changes in its properties. Vop. pit. 20 no.6:12-17 N-D '61. (MIRA 15:6)

l. Iz kafedry khimii i issledovaniya pishchevykh produktov fakul'teta pishchevoy tekhnologii Khimiko-tekhnologicheskogo instituta, Praga, Chekhoslovatskaya Sotsialisticheskaya Rospublika.

(OILS AND FATS) (FOOD, FRIED)

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E# 1/20169

UESR/Geology

SHALL, G.

Jan/Feb/Mar 48

"Some Geochemical 'Ideas' of A. S. Chklonskiy," G. Shuppe, 2 pp

"Zapiski V-S Mineral Obshch" Vol LXXVII, No 1

Some ideas of Chklonskiy on understanding of a series of processes that occur in geology.

1/49159

SHUPPE, G.N.

Brief history of the development of research in physics in Uzbekistan. Trudy FTI AN Uz.SSR 4:3-61 '52. (MIRA 9:1) (Uzbekistan--Physics--Research)

AND 1987年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,1780年,

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550220008-8

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Shuppe G.N.

Secondary electron-ion emission of conductors (iron, tantalum, alckel, and graphite) under the bombarding action of positive mercury lone. V. I. Veksler, G. A. Klein, and G. N. Shunge. Trudy Fin. Teck. Inst. Akul. Nauk Usek. S. Tr. 12-78 (1952); cf. C.A. 48, 4378.—The secondary electron emission of these materials is the result of 2 processes. The 1st one is a function of the energy of the bombarding ions, and the 2nd one is linked to the energy potential of the ion V_i and the work function Φ of the bombarded surface. For graphite the 1st process occurs practically alone. For metallic surfaces which are bombarded with slow Hg ions (approx. 100 e.v.), the secondary electron emission coeff. γ can be found from the well-known equation $\gamma = A \exp(-a\Phi)$ where A and A are consts. Another equation is $\gamma = B$ exp(bV_i) which is true not only for the present investigations, but also for the data by Penning (C.A. 25, 875), on the bombarding Ni by He, Ne, or A ions. At poorly degassed or oxidized surfaces γ is much higher than at well degassed or oxidized surfaces γ is much higher than at well degassed surfaces or those reduced in sacuo. Annealing in varuo will always decrease the magnitude of γ : At really clean surfaces of the conductors γ will show the lowest possible and also stable value. The character of the

curves of the secondary pos, emission K will depend both upon the material of the surface and upon the depth of penetration of the bombarding beam. If Hg ions of medium energies hit the materials under investigation, the secondary emission will consist of slow electrons and slow pos. lons. The distribution curves of the secondary electrons (by energies) has the same character for all the materials; the starting and terminal portions of all curves are practically identical. The max. in all the curves are at several e.v., with exception of graphite, where 1 e.v. is barely reached. The overwhelming majority of the secondary ions in all the materials have energies of no more than 1 e.v. Both secondary electrons and secondary ions with energies of more than 10 e.v. are exceedingly rare. The curves which show the coeff. of the secondary electron enission as a function of the energy of the primary electrons are similar to the curves obtained previously; the one for graphite showed consistently lower values. It is just this deviation of the graphite values which indicate that the structure of the surface is of importance to secondary emission. W. I.

Radgod

SHUPPE, G.N.

USSR/Physics - Work Function, Electron Shuppe, Phys-Tech Inst, Acad Sci Uzbek SSR of a Tungsten Monocrystal," B. G. Smirnov, G. N. shape with a diam of the order of a rew microns, The work functions of electrons on the various "Zhur Tekh Fiz" Vol XXII, No 6, pp 973-980 "The Work Function of Electrons on Certain Faces were measured by means of self-emitted electrons. faces of a single W crystal, fusec into a spherical Ratio of max to min work function was found to be around 1.3; the values of work functions of faces Emission

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001550220008-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

were found within limits of 4.2 - 5.5 ev, 1.e.,

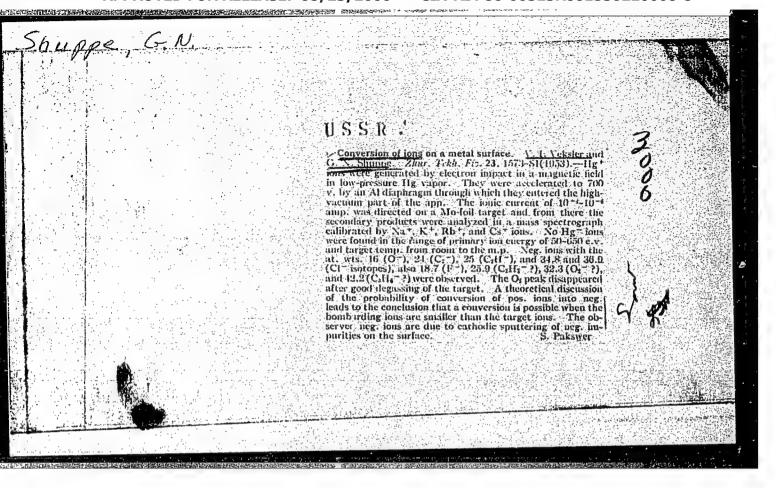
the difference in the work functions of various

faces was over 1 ev.

and B. I. Vaysberg.

Received 1 Feb 52

Indebted to N. B. Ayzenberg



USSR Physics - Work function of nickel

FD-593

Card 1/1

: Pub. 153-5/22

Author

: Asadullin, R. and Shuppe, G. N.

Title

: Electron work-function on faces of single-crystal nickel

Periodical

: Zhur. tekh. fiz., 24, 205-215, Feb 1954

Abstract

: Attempt to establish the sequence of electron work-functions at some of the most important faces of nickel single-crystals using crystallographic considerations, observations of emission with an electron projector, and experiments with nickel layers on plates of NaCl crystal. Indebted to N. B. Ayzenberg, I. S. Andreyev, and M. B. Ben'-

yaminovich. 12 references, including 3 foreign.

Institution :

Submitted : June 17, 1953

FD-3174

USSR/Physics - Adsorption

Card 1/1 Pub. 153-4/21

Authors : Gorbatyy, N. A. and Shuppe, G. N.

Title : The question of the dependence of adsorption bonds on a metallic single

crystal upon crystallographic alignments

Periodical: Zhur. tekh. fiz., 25, No 8 (August), 1955, 1364-1375

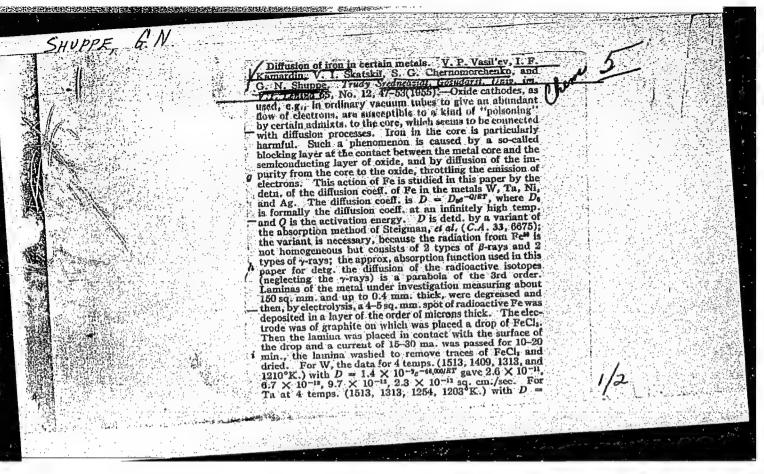
Abstract : The authors investigate the adsorption of atoms of sodium, potassium and

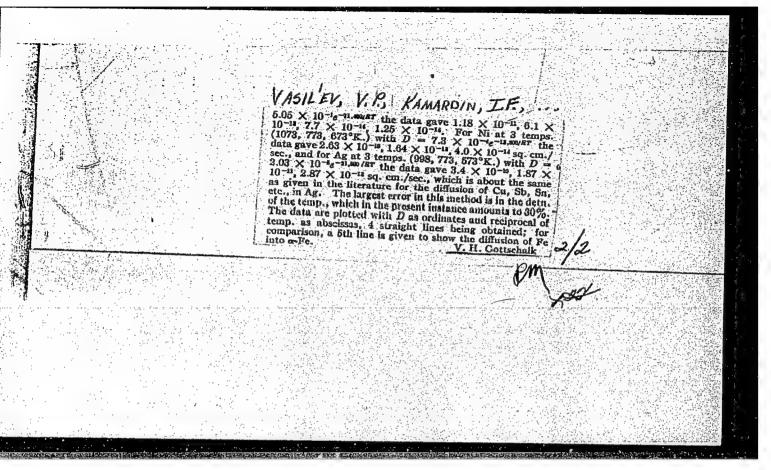
magnesium on a fused single-crystal of tungsten during the presence of a strong electric field. They found that the adsorbed atoms of potassium form dense coverings on faces (100) and (111), attaining the ability to complete these faces. The potassium atoms either are the least active in exciting the emission of electrons in the alignment (111) of a monocrystal of tungsten, or attain a small adsorption bend with the core in this region. Adsorbed

atoms of magnesium form dense coverings on the faces (100) of a single-crys-

tal of tungsten.

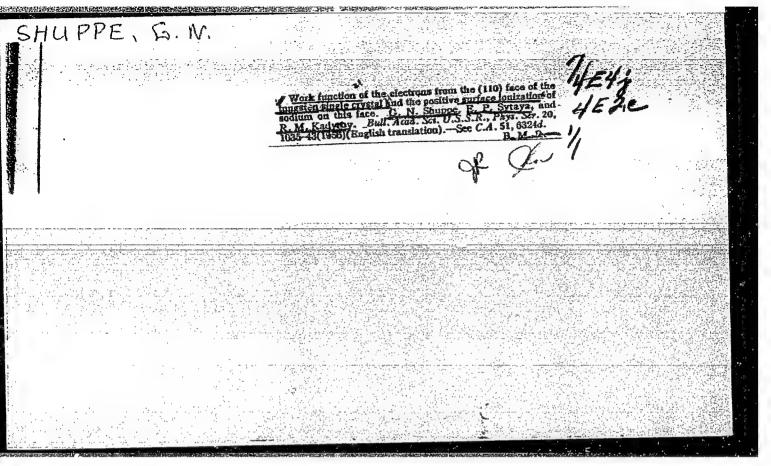
Submitted: April 21, 1955

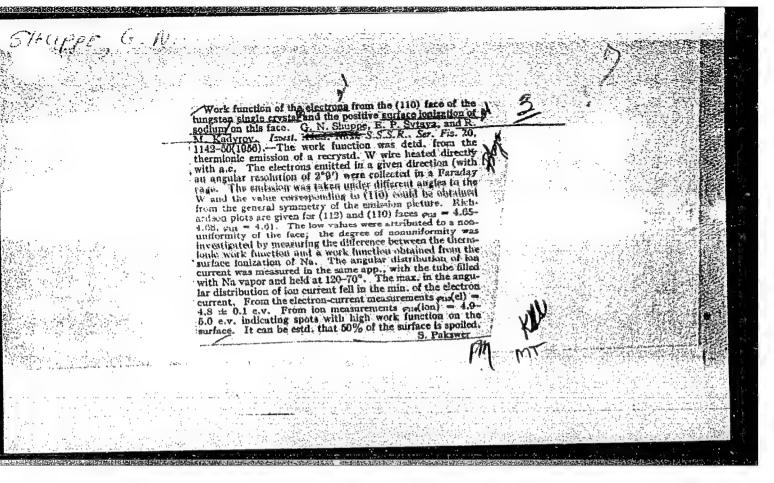




GORBATYY, N.A.; SHUPPE, G.N.

Relationship between the adsorption bonds in metal single crystals and the crystallographic orientation (Na, K, Mg on W), Trudy SAGU no.65:55-77 '55. (MLRA 9:5) (Adsorption) (Metallography)





SHUPPE, G.N.; TSAREV, B.M., prof., otvetstvennyy red.

THE PERSON AND PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

[Electron emission of metal crystals] Elektronnaia emissiia metallicheskikh kristallov. Tashkent, Izdvo SAGU, 1957. 110 p. (Tashkent. Universitet. Trudy Sredneaziatskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta, no.115. Fiziko-matematicheskie nauki, no.17) (MIRA 11:6)

(Metal crystals) (Electron emission)

The fire will.

GORBATYY, N.A.; SHUPPE, G.N.

对比较级的元明的时间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间,1000年间

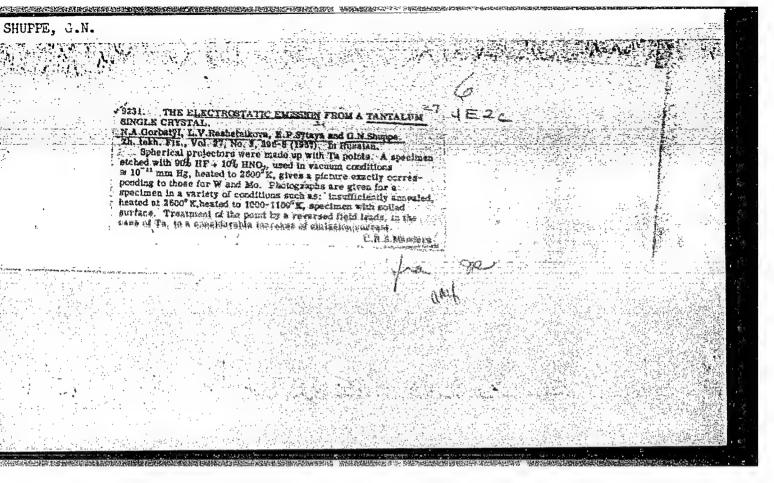
Evaporation of molybdenum and tungsten in strong electric fields.

Dokl. AN Uz. SSR no.12:13-16 '57. (MIRA 11:5)

l. Sredneaziatskiy gos. universitet im. V.I. Lenina. Predstavleno akad. AN UzSSR S.V. Starodubtsevym.

(Molybdanum-Electric properties)

(Tungsten-Electric properties)



- 3/40 P/12 AUTHORS:

Gofman, I.I., Smirnov, B.G., Spirin, G.S., Shuppe, G.N. 57-11-29/55

TITLE:

On Electrostatic Electron Emission of Semiconductors. (K voprosu ob elektrostaticheskoy elektronnoy emissii poluprovodnikov.)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal Tekhn.Fiz.., 1957, Vol. 27, Nr 11, pp. 2662-2663 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Here the results of the investigation of electrostatic electronemission on the occasion of a statical process with a non-purely metallic point of tungsten, but covered by carbide, are given. All volt-ampere characteristics of the electro-static electron-emission were of the same character. It is demonstfated that the characteri atio of the emission-current in dependence on thepotential is in accordance with the theory. It can be maintained that the theory of R.Stratton (Proc.Phys.Soc., B, 68, 746, 1955) is qualitatively confirmed; the flections of the emission-curve characteristical for this though have appeared in all curves of the experiments here described. There are 5 figures and 1 Diavid reference,

ASSOCIATION: Department of Electrophysics of the Central Asia State University V.I.Lenin (Kafedra elektrofiziki Sredneaziatskogo gosudarstvennogo

universiteta im. V.I.Lenina)

SUBMITTED:

February 8, 1957

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress.

Card 1/1

SHUPPM, O.N.; SYTAYA, Ye.P.; KADYROV, R.M.

Positive surface ionisation of sodium and potassium and the electron work function of tungsten single-crystal faces (110). Trudy SAGU (MIRA 11:2) no.91:5-15 '57. (Thermionic emission) (Tungsten)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CI

no.91:39-42 157.

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550220008-8

GORBATYY, N.A.; RESHETNIKOVA, L.V.; SYTAYA, Yo.P.; SHUPPE, Q.W.

Electrostatic emission from tantalum single crystals. Trudy SAGU
(MIRA 11:2)

(Tantalum) (Slectron emission)

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SOV/137-58-9-19717

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958. Nr 3, p 228 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Gorbatyy, N.A., Shuppe, G.N.

TITLE: On the Problem of the Effect of a Strong Electric Field on the

Resistance of Metallic Wires (K voprosu o vliyanii sil'nogo elektricheskogo polya na soprotivleniye metallicheskikh pro-

volok)

PERIODICAL: Izv. AN Uzbek SSR. Ser. fiz.-matem. n., 1958, Nr 1, pp

65-73

ABSTRACT: An experimental investigation was conducted on the effect

of a strong electrical field on the time variation in the resistance of incandescent fine W, Mo, and Ta wires. It is shown that a field of $\sim 10^6$ v/cm in a high vacuum ($\sim 10^{-8}$ mm Hg) has no effect on the resistance of Mo, Ta, and W wires and does not change their rate of evaporation. Also critically examined were the results of some works on the study of the rate of evaporation of metallic wires in a vacuum. Biblio-

graphy: 12 references.

R.O.

Card 1/1 1. Electric wire-Resistance 2. Electric fields--Applications

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550220008-8 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

AUTHORS:

Gorbatyy, N. A., Shuppe, G. N.

57-28-3-26/33

TITLE:

On the Influence of a Strong Electric Field (~lo⁶V/cm) Upon

the Evaporation and the Resistance of Metals (Mo, Ta, W) (K voprosu o vliyanii sil'nogo elektricheskogo polya (~lo v/sm)

na ispareniye i soprotivleniye metallov (Mo, Ta, W)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal Tekhnicheskoy Fiziki, 1958, Vol. 28, Nr 3,

pp. 623-635 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In view of the contradictions in the data on the influence of electric fields upon the evaporation and the resistance of metals the authors according to different methods investigated the problem of the influence exerted by strong fields upon the evaporation of metals on good vacuum conditions and, insofar as the control of the increase in resistance is one of the most methods for the control of the evaporation of metallic wire, they also dealt with the problem of the influence of electric fields upon the resistance of the metals. The equip* ment and the electric circuit diagram of the testing plant are described. On the basis of the experiments described here the

Card 1/3

On the Influence of a Strong Electric Field ($\sim 10^6 \text{V/cm}$) 57-28-3-26/33 Upon the Evaporation and the Resistance of Metals (Mo, Ta, W)

following is stated: 1) The direct measurements of the evapor rated substance by weighing and according to the method of mar= ked atoms showed that heterogeneous electric fields with a vol= tage of the order of magnitude of 16 V/cm in a good vacuum (~lo-8 mm of mercury column) do not influence the evaporation velocity of molybdenum, tantalum and tungsten wires, This conclusion is also confirmed by the absence of an influence of strong fields upon the velocity of the increase of the resistance of molybdenum, tantalum and tungsten wires annealed in a good vacuum. 2) Strong electric fields (up to 2,6.lo6 V/cm) do not change the magnitude of the resistance of the metallic filaments. 3) According to the method of marked atoms the heat of evaporas tion of tungsten and tantalum as well as the velocities of evapow ration at a number of temperatures were measured. The obtained data are in agreement with the data known from publications. 4) The modifications observed in the voltage drop at the filements on the application of a strong electric field are caused by the presence of parasitic currents in the devices. (Mainly by the electrostatic emission from the pointed electrode edges). A careful analysis of the electric circuit diagrams of references 1, 2, 6 and 7 and of the construction of the devices used could in every individual case reveal the cause for the evident min-

Card 2/3

On the Influence of a Strong Electric Field (\sim lo⁶V/cm) 57-28-3-26/33 Upon the Evaporation and the Resistance of Metals (Mc, Ta, W)

consistencies. Good vacuum conditions and the elimination of losses of any kind in general could eliminate any "inconsi=

stencies" in the above-mentioned references.

There are 11 figures, 5 tables, and 11 references, 2 of which are

Soviet.

1945年,1730年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,1945年,19

ASSOCIATION: Sredneaziatskiy gosuniversitet, Kafedra elektrofiziki. Tashkent.

(Tashkent, Central Asiatic State University, Chair for Electro=

physics)

SUBMITTED: June 1, 1957.

: 1. Metals--Vaporization 2. Metals--Resistance 3. Electric

fields--Properties

Card 3/3

SHUFFE, Georgiy Dikolayevich (Central Asiatic State Univ im Lenin) for Doc Phys Math Sci on the basis of dissertation defended 18 Nov 59 in Council of Mos Order of Lenin and Order of Labor Red Banner State Univ im Lomonosov, entitled "Electronic emission of metallic crystals." (EMVISSO USSR, 1-61, 26)

-226-

SHUPPE, G. N., Doc Phys-Math Sci (diss) -- "Electron emission of metallic crystals. Part 1: Pure monocrystals. Part 2: Monocrystals with films of foreign atoms". Moscow, 1959. 19 pp (Moscow Order of Lenin and Order of Labor Red Banner State U im M. V. Lomonosov), 150 ccpies (KL, No 20, 1959, 108)

sov/166-59-6-9/11 Gofman, I.I., Protopopov, O.D., Shuppe, G.N. 24(3) Investigation of the Electrostatic Emission of Electrons AUTHORS: (EEE) From a Wolframite Emitter Under Impulse Conditions TITLE: Izvestiya Akademii nauk Uzbekskoy SSR, Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, 1959, Nr 6, pp 72 - 77 (USSR) PERIODICAL: The authors consider impulse measurements of the electrostatic emission of electrons and compare their method and ABSTRACT: results with the papers of Dyke and others [Ref 3,4,6] and of Barbour and Dolan [Ref 5]. In these papers it is assumed that the emission current is $i_e = \frac{u_2}{R_o}$, where u_2 is the voltage drop on the resistance $\boldsymbol{R}_{\boldsymbol{O}}$ obtained from the oscillogram. The authors show that this method for calculating i can cause essential errors. The relation $u_2 = i_e R_0$ holds with high exactness only at the end of the impulse, if its duration is sufficiently long. Accordingly the volt-ampere characteristics stated by the authors at a Card 1/2

SOV/166-59-6-9/11

Investigation of the Electrostatic Emission of Electrons (EEE) From a Wolframite Emitter Under Impulse Conditions

wolframite emitter show essential deviations from those given in $\sqrt{\text{Ref 3}}$ - 6 $\frac{7}{3}$. There are 6 figures, and 6 references, 2 of which are Soviet, and 4 American.

ASSOCIATION: Sredneaziatskiy gosuniversitet imeni V.I. Lenina (Central Asian State University imeni V.I. Lenin)

SUBMITTED: August 20, 1959

在古山山野野野岛西南南部的野野岛南西州为南北市岛南西部。

Card 2/2

S/058/61/000/004/023/042 A001/A101

9,3/30 26, 2312

AUTHOR:

Shuppe, G.N.

TITLE:

Electronic emission of metallic crystals

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Fizika, no 4, 1961, 342, abstract 4Zh6 ("Tr. Sredneaz. un-ta", 1959, no 147, 203, 111.)

This is a monograph dealing with emission of charged particles from metallic single crystals, both pure and coated with films of dissimilar atoms; the author surveys systematically and almost completely (up to the middle of 1958) materials available in the literature on this problem; he evaluates them and describes and generalizes the results of investigations carried out under his supervision. A special attention is paid in the work to processes which result in changes of polycrystalline emitters, during their service life, into single crystal specimens; the other special problems are: dependence of electron and ion emission from metallic surfaces on crystallographic directions, and dependences of adsorption phenomena and courses of chemical reactions on faces of crystals, which are revealed during the studies. The first part of the work is devoted to electronic emission from pure surfaces of metallic single crystals (see RZhFiz,

Card 1/2

Electronic emission of metallic crystals

S/058/61/000/004/023/042 A001/A101

1959, no 3, 6128), and the second part to emission from metallic single crystals with films of dissimilar atoms (see abstract 4Zh7). The monograph is intended for wide circles of workers of scientific-research institutes, laboratories and industrial enterprises, who work in the fields of physics, manufacture and application of electric vacuum devices. There are 234 references. See also RZhFiz, 1960, no 1, 1466.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550220008-8"

B

SHUPPE, G.N.

Study of cathode electronic carried out at the physics departments of the State University of Central Asia.

Trudy SAGU no.148:3-7 '59. (MIRA 13:7)

(Cathodes) (Electron tubes)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550220008-8 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

s/058/61/000/004/024/042 ACC1/A101

AUTHORS:

Shuppe, G.N., Zakirov, N.Z.

TITLE:

Dependence of adsorption on metal single crystals upon crystallo-

graphic directions

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Fizika, no 4, 1961, 342, abstract 4Zh7 ("Tr.

Sredneaz. un-ta", 1959, no 148, 45 - 80)

This is a survey of works published up to 1958 which deal with studies of thermoionic and autoelectronic emissions of metallic single crystals coated with adsorbed films. The authors make an attempt of interpreting experimental results based on crystallogeometric concepts. There are 37 references.

V. Gavrilyuk

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

81655

s/181/60/002/06/45/050 B006/B056

24, 24,00

Gofman, I. I., Protopopov, O. D., Shuppe, G. N.

AUTHORS: TITLE:

Investigation of the Electrostatic Electron Emission From

a Tungsten Emitter in Pulsed Operating Conditions

Fizika tverdogo tela, 1960, Vol. 2, No. 6, pp. 1323-1327 PERIODICAL:

Vfrom pure tungsten TEXT: The pulsed electrostatic electron emission emitters has already repeatedly been investigated for the purpose of verifying the quantum-mechanical theory of this emission at high current densities. However, the peculiarities occurring in pulsed operation are not sufficiently considered, so that some of the data were found to be faulty. The present paper contains a detailed discussion of the measuring methods, results of the authors' own measurements, and a summary of results. The square pulses used in the so-called pulse measuring method have a duration of 10⁻⁶ sec; such a pulse is used for the

purpose of determining each individual point of the current-voltage characteristic. Fig. 1 shows a general wiring diagram such as is used

Card 1/3

Investigation of the Electrostatic Electron Emission From a Tungsten Emitter in Pulsed Operating Conditions S/181/60/002/06/45/050 B006/B056

for such measurements. According to the method described measurements were carried out both statically (range of low amperages) and by the pulse method (range of high amperages). The experiments were carried out in projectors with a luminescence screen for the purpose of observing the emission picture also in lamps with a pure metallic anode. The pressure in the measurements was of the order of 10⁻¹⁰ torr. A specially constructed impulse generator was used, which maintained the voltage on the pulse-height plateau (1-2 μsec) constant with an accuracy of 0.1%. A two-ray oscilloscope was used for pulse-recording. Some ten characteristics were recorded; one of them is shown in Fig. 3. Fig. 4 contains a number of oscillograms showing points A - E of the current-voltage characteristic. Fig. 5 shows a dark photograph of the emitter in the

electron microscope (1:10⁷). A qualitative comparison between the experimental results and the electrostatic electron emission equations is carried out, a) for the case of a square barrier, b) under the assumption of a barrier rounded off by the forces of the electric assumption of a corresponding to the many-electron problem with the

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Investigation of the Electrostatic Electron Emission From a Tungsten Emitter in Pulsed Operating Conditions S/181/60/002/06/45/050 B006/B056

correction according to A. S. Kompaneyets. It is shown that for a spherically distributed space charge, the course of the experimental current-voltage characteristics always corresponds to case c). There are 6 figures and 9 references: 5 Soviet and 4 American.

ASSOCIATION: Sredneaziatskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet Tashkent (Central Asia State University Tashkent)

SUBMITTED: September 17, 1959

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8/109/60/005/07/013/024 **B140/B163**

Shuppe, G.N., and Vasil'yev, V.P. AUTHORS:

The Application of Radioactive Isotopes to the Study of 1 Oxide-Cathode Processes and Certain Other Problems of TTTLE:

Cathode Electronics

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i elektronika, Vol 5, No 7, 1960,

pp 1135-1144 (+ 1 plate) (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Work carried on at the Central-Asia University and the Tashkent vacuum-tube factory using radioactive isotopes

is described. The following problems are investigated: evaporation of pure metal cathodes; diffusion of iron in Ni, W, Ta and Ag; alkali-earth metal diffusion (Ca) in Ni, Ag, Au and bronze; diffusion processes; evaporation of oxide layers and getters in vacuum tubes; nickel migration in an oxide cathode; barium diffusion in the cathode oxide coating. Using activity counters and autoradiogram photographs, it is found that the processes occurring are more complex than has been suspected and that cathode and getter elements migrate over practically all the other tube elements except the heater in indirectly heated tubes. In the majority of cases industrially produced types have been

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The Application of Radioactive Isotopes to the Study of Oxide-Cathode Processes and Certain Other Problems of Cathode Electronics

used, with radioactivity induced in selected tube parts by the use of radioisotope admixtures or neutron bombardment of the part before assembly.

There are 10 figures, 3 tables and 16 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: January 3, 1960

Card 2/2

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S/139/61/000/006/008/023 E032/E514

AUTHORS: Sytaya, Ye,P. and Shuppe, N.G.

TITLE: Ionization of iodine atoms at a hot tantalum surface

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Fizika, no 6,

1961, 52-56 + 1 plate

TEXT: The authors report an investigation of surface ionization of iodine on tantalum. A special study was made of the effect of the "ageing" of the surface. The ion emission was observed with the aid of the magnetron method. The experimental tube was in the form of a triode whose cylindrical anode was divided into three parts (tantalum). The filament (150-250 u) and the grid were coaxial with the anode. Only the middle part of the anode was used, the two outer parts served as guard rings. The device was first baked and evacuated to a pressure of 10-0 mm Hg Electrons were removed by a magnetic field parallel to the filament The electron and ion currents were measured by a mirror galvanometer with a sensitivity of 2·10-9 A/div. The ion currents were measured for a tantalum filament at iodine vapour pressures between 2 7·10-2 and 5·10-5 mm Hg in the temperature range 1600 to Car 1/3

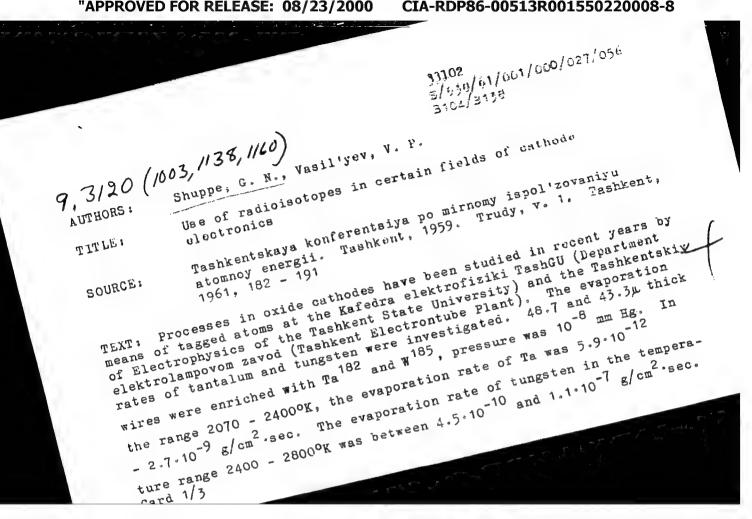
Ionization of iodine atoms ,,,

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2500°K. Comparison of the experimental results with the Saha equation showed that the surface ionization of the iodine atoms does not occur over the entire polycrystalline surface; it occurs only at certain spots on the surface which have low work functions only at certain spots on the surface which have low work functions Measurements were also made of the work function and Richardson's constant of tantalum. The results for 150 μ diameter wire constant of tantalum. The results for love shown in Table 2. (0.001% Fe, 0.01% Nb, traces of Cu) are shown in Table 2

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φ ^{XX} eV	A** A/deg ² cm ²	Heat treatment
4,42 ± 0.02	82	Temperature raised from 800 to 2500°K in 5 hours, followed by heating at 2000°K and 10 ⁻⁸ mm Hg for 20 hours
4.14 ± 0 02	106	Further heating for 30 hours at 2300°K.
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Use of radioisotopes in...

The evaporation heat of Ta was -8.02 ev/stom, that of a, -8.10 ev/stom. The diffusion of Fe in Ni, W, Ta, and Ag was studied by means of the isotope Fe^{59} . Diffusion heating was carried out in a furnace at $1.1\overline{9}^{5}$. mm Hg. Results: The diffusion coefficient D in Ni was 7.3.10-4 cm2/sec in W, 1.4·10⁻² cm²/sec, in Ta, 0.5 cm²/sec, and in Ag, 2·10⁻⁵ cm²/sec. The diffusion coefficient of Ca in various metals was determined with Ca^{45} . D in Ni was 2.10^{-2} , in Ag, $1.5.10^{-1}$, in Au, $5.8.10^{-6}$, in bronze (with 5% Al), 2.4.10⁻⁴ cm²/sec. A device is described for continuous measurements during diffusion processes. A sample with a radioactive preparation on its surface is heated in vacuo. The change in intensity of radioactive radiation is measured by an end-window counter through a glass window. On a 6 M3C (6PZS) tetrode having a radioactive barium-oxide coated cathode (Ba 140), it was found that evaporation products precipitated on all tube parts, thus considerably changing the properties of the tube. Ni precipitates on parts of a Γ -807 (G-807) tube do not come from the oxide layer of the cathode in which Ni is also contained, they migrate through the oxide film. Conversely, substances of grids, Card 2/3

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Use of radioisotopes in...

heat conductors, etc. also precipitate on the cathode. The application of autoratiography to investigations of oxide cathodes provides the possibility of obtaining quantitative and qualitative results regarding the distribution of the substances investigated. There are 10 figures, 3 tables, and 16 Soviet references.

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Card 3/3

SHUPPE, G.N.; KOMPANEYETS, A.S.

Concerning V.A. Gor'kov's article "The first symposium on ield emission." Radiotekh. i elektron. 7 no.9:1686.8 '62.

(MIRA 15:9)

(Field emission) (Gor'kov, V.A.)

EWT(m)/EWA(d)/EWP(t)/T/EWP(b) IJP(c) MJW/JD/JG S/0166/64/000/006/0074/0078 ACCESSION NR: AP5003314 AUTHORS: Imangulova, N. G.; Sytaya, Ye. P.; Shuppe, G. N. TITLE: Adsorption of barium on tungsten wires made incandescent by alternating or direct current SOURCE: AN UZSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 6, 1964, 74-78 TOPIC TAGS: barium, tungsten, metal sputtering, surface adsorption, work function ABSTRACT: The investigations were made in instruments comprising diodes with cylindrical slotted anodes, as shown in Fig. 1 of the enclosure. A polished tungsten wire (grade VA-3) 11--12 cm long was stretched along the axis of the diode. The barium sources were molybdenum vessels filled with barium-beryllate powder. The initial vacuum was 2--5 x 10^{-8} , mm Hg and was reduced to 2--3 x 10^{-9} mm Hg